

Ex 1

$$n = 1$$

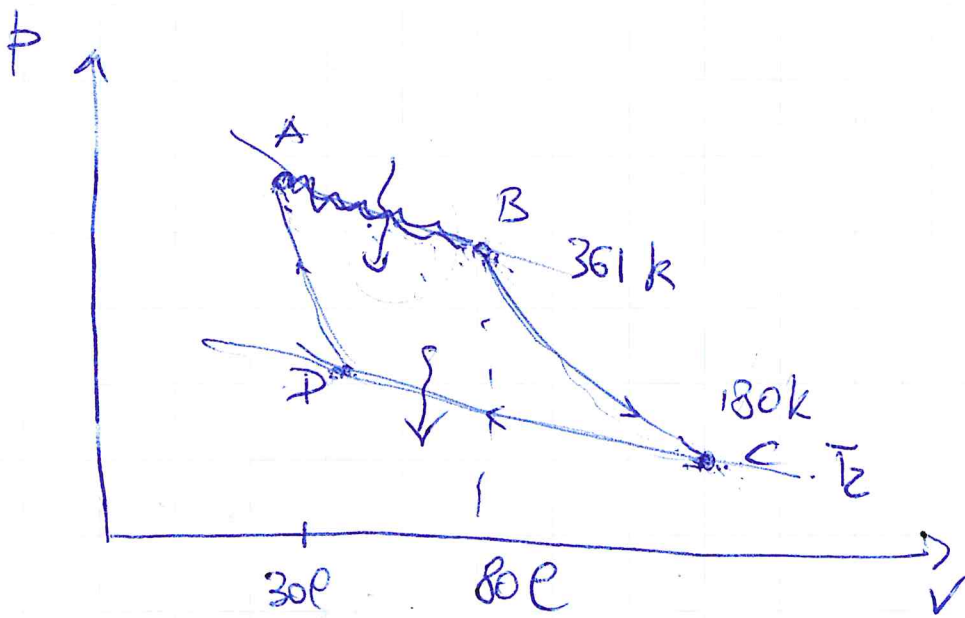
$$p = 1.013 \text{ bar} = 1.013 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$$

$$V = 30 \text{ l} = 30 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$$

$$pV = nRT$$

$$T_A = T_B = T_1 = 361 \text{ K}$$

$$T_D = T_C = T_2$$



$$L_{AB}^R = Q_{AB}^R = nRT_1 \ln \frac{V_B}{V_A}$$

$$\eta = \frac{L}{Q_{\text{ASS}}} = \frac{Q_{\text{ASS}} + Q_{\text{CED}}}{Q_{\text{ASS}}} = 1 + \frac{Q_{\text{CED}}}{Q_{\text{ASS}}}$$

$$Q_{\text{CED}} < 0$$

$$Q_{\text{ASS}} > 0$$

$$\eta = 1 + \frac{Q_{\text{CED}}}{\frac{Q_{\text{ASS}}^R}{2}}$$

$$\eta = 1 + \frac{nRT_2 \ln \frac{V_D}{V_C}}{\frac{1}{2} \cdot nRT_1 \ln \frac{V_B}{V_A}}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} T_A V_A^{\gamma-1} &= T_D V_D^{\gamma-1} \\ T_B V_B^{\gamma-1} &= T_C V_C^{\gamma-1} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} T_1 V_A^{\gamma-1} &= T_2 V_D^{\gamma-1} \\ T_1 V_B^{\gamma-1} &= T_2 V_C^{\gamma-1} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\eta = 1 - \frac{\frac{1}{2} n R T_2}{\frac{1}{2} n R T_1} \geq 0$$

$$\geq 1 - 2 \frac{T_2}{T_1} \geq 0$$

$$T_2 \leq T_1/2$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_1 &= 361 \text{ K} \\ T_2 &\leq 180 \text{ K} \end{aligned}$$

$$\eta_c = 1 - \frac{T_2}{T_1} = 0.5 \quad 50\%$$

ΔS_u

$$\Delta S_{U_{AB}} = \Delta S_{SIS_{AD}} + \Delta S_{AHR_{AD}}$$

$$\Delta S_{SIS_{AD}} = n R \ln \frac{V_B}{V_A}$$

$$\Delta S_{AHR_{AD}} = - \frac{Q_{ASS}}{T_1} = - \frac{\frac{1}{2} n R T_1 \ln \frac{V_B}{V_A}}{T_1}$$

$$\Delta S_{U_{AD}} = n R \ln \frac{V_B}{V_A} - \frac{n R}{2} \ln \frac{V_B}{V_A}$$

$$\approx \frac{n R}{2} \ln \frac{V_B}{V_A} = \frac{1 \times 8.314 \text{ J/K}}{2} \ln \frac{80}{30} = 4.08 \text{ J/K}$$

$$dU = Tds - p dV$$

$$\int_{R} dQ = Tds$$

$$ds = \frac{dU}{T} + \frac{p}{T} dV$$

$$= \frac{1}{T} dU + \frac{p}{T} dV$$

$$S = \frac{4}{3} \sqrt[4]{aVU^3 + b}$$

$$ds = \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial U} \right)_V dU + \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V} \right)_U dV$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial U} \right)_V = \frac{1}{T}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V} \right)_U = \frac{p}{T}$$

$$\frac{Q^{1/4} V^{1/4}}{U^{1/4}} = \frac{1}{T}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{Q^{1/4} U^{3/4}}{V^{3/4}} = \frac{p}{T}$$

$$U^{1/4} = Q^{1/4} V^{1/4} T$$

$$\frac{1}{3} Q^{1/4} U^{3/4} T = p V^{3/4}$$

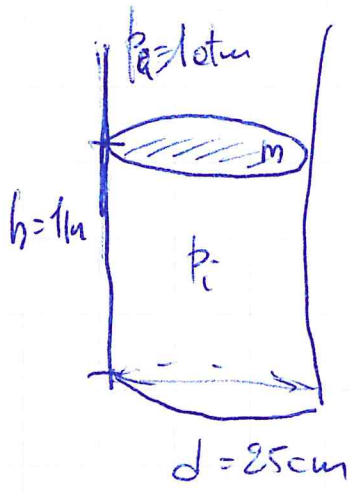
$$U = QVT^4$$

$$p = \frac{1}{3} Q T^4$$

$$G = U - TS + PV$$

$$= QVT^4 - T \frac{4}{3} (QVV)^{1/4} + \frac{1}{3} QT^4 V =$$

$$= QVT^4 - \frac{4}{3} QVT^4 + \frac{1}{3} QVT^4 = 0$$



$n = 2 \quad f = \frac{5}{3}$

$p_e = 1\text{atm}$
 $p_e = p_e + p_m$

$p_i = 1.1\text{atm}$

$p_i = p_e = p_e + p_m$

$p_m = 10\% p_a$

$p_m = \frac{F_m}{S} = \frac{m g}{\pi \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^2} = 0.1 p_a$

$m = 50.7\text{ kg}$

$pV = nRT$

$T = \frac{pV}{nR} = \frac{1.1 \times 1.013 \times 10^5 \times \pi \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \cdot h}{2 \times 8.3145}$

$\approx 329\text{ K}$

$W_F = 400\text{ J}$

\Rightarrow

$T_f = \frac{p_f V_f}{nR} = \frac{1.5 p_i S(h - \Delta h)}{nR} \approx 395\text{ K}$

$\Delta h = 20\text{ cm}$
 $W_F = 400\text{ J}$

$W = -W_F - mg \Delta h + p_e (V_f - V_i)$

$= -400\text{ J} - 50.7 \cdot 9.81 \cdot 0.2 - 1.013 \times 10^5 (S \cdot (h - \Delta h))$

$\approx -1499\text{ J}$

$$\Delta U = Q - L$$

$$L = -1494 \text{ J}$$

$$\Delta U = nC_V(395 - 329) = 1691 \text{ J}$$

$$Q = 1691 - 1494 = 197 \text{ J}$$

$$\Delta S_{\text{sys}} = nC_V \ln \frac{T_f}{T_i} + nR \ln \frac{V_f}{V_i}$$

$$\Delta S_{\text{ATB}} = \frac{-Q}{T_{\text{ATB}}} = \frac{-147}{329} = -0.45 \text{ J/K}$$

$$\Delta S_{\text{SIS}} = 0.85 \text{ J/K}$$

$$\Delta S_0 = 0.85 - 0.45 = 0.40 \text{ J/K}$$

$$2 \cdot \frac{3}{2} R \ln \frac{395}{329} + 2R \ln \frac{9}{5} =$$
$$= 2 \times 8.3145 \left[\frac{3}{2} \ln \frac{395}{329} + \ln \frac{9}{5} \right] = 0.85$$

$$Q = \left[L = nR \cdot T \ln \frac{V_f}{V_i} \right] = -1220 \text{ J}$$

$$L_F^R = -126 \text{ J}$$

$$\Delta S_0 = 0 \Rightarrow nR \ln \frac{V_f}{V_i} - \frac{Q}{T_i} = 0$$

$$\Delta S_0 = nR \ln \frac{V_f}{V_i} - \frac{Q}{T} = 0$$

$$2 \times 8.3145 \cdot \ln \frac{4}{5} - \frac{Q}{329} = 0$$

$$Q = 329 \times 2 \times 8.3145 \cdot \ln \frac{4}{5} = -1720 \text{ J}$$

Ex 4

$$Q_{\text{copp}} = m c (T_h - T_c) = 0.2 \times 4186 \cdot 80 = 67 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q_{\text{Tot}} = Q_{\text{copp}} + Q_{\text{AIRB}} = 67 + 45 = 112 \text{ kJ}$$

$$t = \frac{112 \text{ kJ}}{800 \text{ W}} = 140 \text{ s}$$

$$\Delta S_0 = \Delta S_{\text{copp}} + \Delta S_{\text{AIRB}}$$

$$\int_{20}^{100} \frac{\delta Q}{T} + \frac{1}{T_{20}} \int \delta Q$$

$$= m c_s \ln \frac{T_f}{T_i} + \frac{1}{293.15} \cdot Q_{\text{AIRB}}$$

$$= 359 \text{ J/K}$$

100 → 45

$$Q_{\text{copp}} (100 \rightarrow 45) = m c_s (T_{45} - T_{100}) = 46 \text{ kJ} = Q_{\text{AIRB}}$$

$$\Delta S_0 = \Delta S_{\text{SIS}} (100 \rightarrow 45) + \Delta S_{\text{AIRB}}$$

$$= m c_s \ln \frac{T_{45}}{T_{100}} + \frac{46 \text{ kJ}}{293.15}$$

$$\Delta S_u(200-45) = 23.6 \text{ J/K}$$

Il caffè torna a 20 °C per tutto

$$\Delta S_u(20 \rightarrow 100 \rightarrow 45 \rightarrow 20) =$$

$$= \frac{P \cdot t}{T_c} = \underline{381 \text{ J/K}}$$

$$381 - (354 + 23.6) = \underline{\underline{3.4 \text{ J/K}}}$$